

Appendix A

Recursions of associated Legendre functions P_n^m :

$$P_0^0(x) = 1 \quad (1)$$

$$P_n^n(x) = (2n-1)\sqrt{1-x^2} P_{n-1}^{n-1}(x) \dots \forall n \geq 1 \quad (2)$$

$$P_n^{n-1}(x) = (2n-1)x P_{n-1}^{n-1}(x) \dots \forall n \geq 1 \quad (3)$$

$$P_n^m(x) = \frac{1}{n-m} ((2n-1)x P_{n-1}^m(x) - (n+m-1) P_{n-2}^m(x)) \dots \forall m \geq 0 \wedge n-2 \geq m \quad (4)$$

$$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad m = 0, \dots, +n$$

$$x = \sin \vartheta$$

ϑ ... elevation angle;

$$P_0^0(\sin \vartheta) = 1$$

$$P_1^0(\sin \vartheta) = \sin \vartheta$$

$$P_1^1(\sin \vartheta) = -\cos \vartheta$$

$$P_2^0(\sin \vartheta) = \frac{1}{2}(3\cos^2 \vartheta - 1)$$

$$P_2^1(\sin \vartheta) = -3\cos \vartheta \sin \vartheta$$

$$P_2^2(\sin \vartheta) = 3\cos^2 \vartheta$$

$$P_3^0(\sin \vartheta) = \frac{1}{2}\sin \vartheta(5\sin^2 \vartheta - 3)$$

$$P_3^1(\sin \vartheta) = -\frac{3}{2}\cos \vartheta(5\sin^2 \vartheta - 1)$$

$$P_3^2(\sin \vartheta) = 15\cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta$$

Condon-Shortley transformed associated Legendre functions \tilde{P}_n^m :

$$\tilde{P}_n^{|m|}(\sin \vartheta) = (-1)^m P_n^{|m|}(\sin \vartheta) \quad (5)$$

$$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad m = 0, \dots, +n$$

$$\tilde{P}_0^0(\sin \vartheta) = 1$$

$$\tilde{P}_1^0(\sin \vartheta) = \sin \vartheta$$

$$\tilde{P}_1^1(\sin \vartheta) = \cos \vartheta$$

$$\tilde{P}_2^0(\sin \vartheta) = \frac{1}{2}(3\cos^2 \vartheta - 1)$$

$$\tilde{P}_2^1(\sin \vartheta) = 3\cos \vartheta \sin \vartheta$$

$$\tilde{P}_2^2(\sin \vartheta) = 3\cos^2 \vartheta$$

$$\tilde{P}_3^0(\sin \vartheta) = \frac{1}{2}\sin \vartheta(5\sin^2 \vartheta - 3)$$

$$\tilde{P}_3^1(\sin \vartheta) = \frac{3}{2}\cos \vartheta(5\sin^2 \vartheta - 1)$$

$$\tilde{P}_3^2(\sin \vartheta) = 15\cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta$$

$$\tilde{P}_3^3(\sin \vartheta) = 15\cos^3 \vartheta$$

orthonormalized complex spherical harmonics Y_n^m :

$$Y_n^m(\vartheta, \varphi) = \sqrt{\frac{2n+1}{4\pi} \frac{(n-|m|)!}{(n+|m|)!}} \tilde{P}_n^{|m|}(\sin \vartheta) e^{im\varphi} \quad (6)$$

$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$ $m = -n, \dots, +n$
 $\varphi \dots$ azimuth angle

orthonormalized real spherical harmonics \hat{Y}_n^m :

$$\hat{Y}_n^{+m}(\vartheta, \varphi) = \sqrt{\frac{(2-\delta_m)(2n+1)}{4\pi} \frac{(n-m)!}{(n+m)!}} \tilde{P}_n^m(\sin \vartheta) \cos(m\varphi) \quad (7)$$

$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$ $m = 0, \dots, +n$

$$\hat{Y}_n^{-m}(\vartheta, \varphi) = \sqrt{\frac{(2-\delta_m)(2n+1)}{4\pi} \frac{(n-m)!}{(n+m)!}} \tilde{P}_n^m(\sin \vartheta) \sin(m\varphi) \quad (8)$$

$n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ $m = 1, \dots, +n$
 $\delta_m \dots$ Kronecker delta

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{Y}_0^0(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{4\pi}} \\ \hat{Y}_1^{-1}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \cos \vartheta \sin \varphi \\ \hat{Y}_1^0(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \sin \vartheta \\ \hat{Y}_1^1(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \cos \vartheta \cos \varphi \\ \hat{Y}_2^{-2}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{15}{16\pi}} \cos^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi \\ \hat{Y}_2^{-1}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{15}{4\pi}} \cos \vartheta \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi \\ \hat{Y}_2^0(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{5}{16\pi}} (3 \cos^2 \vartheta - 1) \\ \hat{Y}_2^{+1}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{15}{4\pi}} \cos \vartheta \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi \\ \hat{Y}_2^{+2}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{15}{16\pi}} \cos^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi \\ \hat{Y}_3^{-3}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{35}{32\pi}} \cos^3 \vartheta \sin 3\varphi \\ \hat{Y}_3^{-2}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{105}{16\pi}} \cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta \sin 2\varphi \\ \hat{Y}_3^{-1}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{21}{32\pi}} \cos \vartheta (5 \sin^2 \vartheta - 1) \sin \varphi \\ \hat{Y}_3^0(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{7}{16\pi}} \sin \vartheta (5 \sin^2 \vartheta - 3) \\ \hat{Y}_3^{+1}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{21}{32\pi}} \cos \vartheta (5 \sin^2 \vartheta - 1) \cos \varphi \\ \hat{Y}_3^{+2}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{105}{16\pi}} \cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta \cos 2\varphi \\ \hat{Y}_3^{+3}(\sin \vartheta) &= \sqrt{\frac{35}{32\pi}} \cos^3 \vartheta \cos 3\varphi \end{aligned}$$

semi-normalized real spherical harmonics \bar{Y}_n^m :

$$\bar{Y}_n^m(\vartheta, \varphi) = \sqrt{\frac{4\pi}{2n+1}} \hat{Y}_n^m(\vartheta, \varphi) \quad (9)$$

$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad m = -n, \dots, +n$

$$\bar{Y}_0^0(\sin \vartheta) = 1$$

$$\bar{Y}_1^{-1}(\sin \vartheta) = \cos \vartheta \sin \varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_1^0(\sin \vartheta) = \sin \vartheta$$

$$\bar{Y}_1^1(\sin \vartheta) = \cos \vartheta \cos \varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_2^{-2}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} \cos^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_2^{-1}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{3} \cos \vartheta \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_2^0(\sin \vartheta) = \frac{1}{2}(3 \cos^2 \vartheta - 1)$$

$$\bar{Y}_2^{+1}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{3} \cos \vartheta \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_2^{+2}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} \cos^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_3^{-3}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8}} \cos^3 \vartheta \sin 3\varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_3^{-2}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{\frac{15}{4}} \cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta \sin 2\varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_3^{-1}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} \cos \vartheta (5 \sin^2 \vartheta - 1) \sin \varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_3^0(\sin \vartheta) = \frac{1}{2} \sin \vartheta (5 \sin^2 \vartheta - 3)$$

$$\bar{Y}_3^{+1}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} \cos \vartheta (5 \sin^2 \vartheta - 1) \cos \varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_3^{+2}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{\frac{15}{4}} \cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta \cos 2\varphi$$

$$\bar{Y}_3^{+3}(\sin \vartheta) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8}} \cos^3 \vartheta \cos 3\varphi$$

not-normalized real spherical harmonics = reference spherical harmonics \check{Y}_n^m :

$$\check{Y}_n^m(\vartheta, \varphi) = \sqrt{\frac{4\pi}{2n+1} \frac{(n+|m|)!}{(n-|m|)!}} \hat{Y}_n^m(\vartheta, \varphi) \quad (10)$$

$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad m = -n, \dots, +n$

$$\begin{aligned}\check{Y}_0^0(\sin \vartheta) &= 1 \\ \check{Y}_1^{-1}(\sin \vartheta) &= \cos \vartheta \sin \varphi \\ \check{Y}_1^0(\sin \vartheta) &= \sin \vartheta \\ \check{Y}_1^1(\sin \vartheta) &= \cos \vartheta \cos \varphi \\ \check{Y}_2^{-2}(\sin \vartheta) &= 3 \cos^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi \\ \check{Y}_2^{-1}(\sin \vartheta) &= 3 \cos \vartheta \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi \\ \check{Y}_2^0(\sin \vartheta) &= \frac{1}{2}(3 \cos^2 \vartheta - 1) \\ \check{Y}_2^{+1}(\sin \vartheta) &= 3 \cos \vartheta \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi \\ \check{Y}_2^{+2}(\sin \vartheta) &= 3 \cos^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi \\ \check{Y}_3^{-3}(\sin \vartheta) &= 15 \cos^3 \vartheta \sin 3\varphi \\ \check{Y}_3^{-2}(\sin \vartheta) &= 15 \cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta \sin 2\varphi \\ \check{Y}_3^{-1}(\sin \vartheta) &= \frac{3}{2} \cos \vartheta (5 \sin^2 \vartheta - 1) \sin \varphi \\ \check{Y}_3^0(\sin \vartheta) &= \frac{1}{2} \sin \vartheta (5 \sin^2 \vartheta - 3) \\ \check{Y}_3^{+1}(\sin \vartheta) &= \frac{3}{2} \cos \vartheta (5 \sin^2 \vartheta - 1) \cos \varphi \\ \check{Y}_3^{+2}(\sin \vartheta) &= 15 \cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta \cos 2\varphi \\ \check{Y}_3^{+3}(\sin \vartheta) &= 15 \cos^3 \vartheta \cos 3\varphi\end{aligned}$$

orthonormalized weights ON_n^m related to reference spherical harmonics:

$$\begin{aligned}ON_0^0 &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{4\pi}} ; \\ ON_1^{-1} &= \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}}, \quad ON_1^0 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}}, \quad ON_1^{+1} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} ; \\ ON_2^{-2} &= \sqrt{\frac{5}{48\pi}}, \quad ON_2^{-1} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{12\pi}}, \quad ON_2^0 = \sqrt{\frac{5}{4\pi}}, \quad ON_2^{+1} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{12\pi}}, \quad ON_2^{+2} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{48\pi}} ; \\ ON_3^{-3} &= \sqrt{\frac{7}{1440\pi}}, \quad ON_3^{-2} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{240\pi}}, \quad ON_3^{-1} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{24\pi}}, \quad ON_3^0 = \sqrt{\frac{7}{4\pi}}, \\ &\quad ON_3^{+1} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{24\pi}}, \quad ON_3^{+2} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{240\pi}}, \quad ON_3^{+3} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{1440\pi}} ;\end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

semi-normalized weights SN_n^m related to reference spherical harmonics:

$$\begin{aligned}SN_0^0 &= 1; \\ SN_1^{-1} &= 1, \quad SN_1^0 = 1, \quad SN_1^{+1} = 1; \\ SN_2^{-2} &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}, \quad SN_2^{-1} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}, \quad SN_2^0 = 1, \quad SN_2^{+1} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}, \quad SN_2^{+2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}; \\ SN_3^{-3} &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{360}}, \quad SN_3^{-2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{60}}, \quad SN_3^{-1} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}}, \quad SN_3^0 = 1, \quad SN_3^{+1} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}}, \quad SN_3^{+2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{60}}, \quad SN_3^{+3} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{360}};\end{aligned} \quad (12)$$